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(54) **VOICE ENABLED REMOTE CONTROL FOR A SET-TOP BOX**

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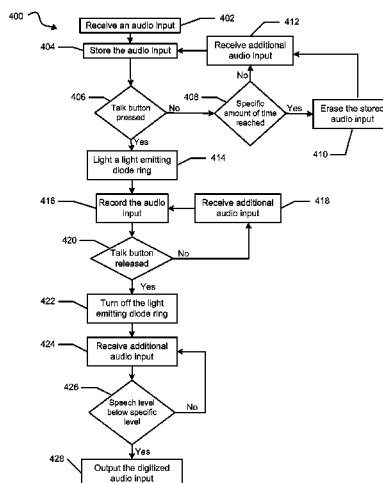
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A remote control device includes a digital audio storage device, a talk button, and an optical distance measurer. The digital audio storage device is configured to continually record an audio input for a specific amount of time. The talk button is coupled to the digital audio storage device and is configured to initiate a transmission of the audio input to a set-top box device. The optical distance measurer is coupled to the talk button and is configured to automatically measure a distance to a user in response to the talk button being pressed.

19 Claims, 5 Drawing Sheets



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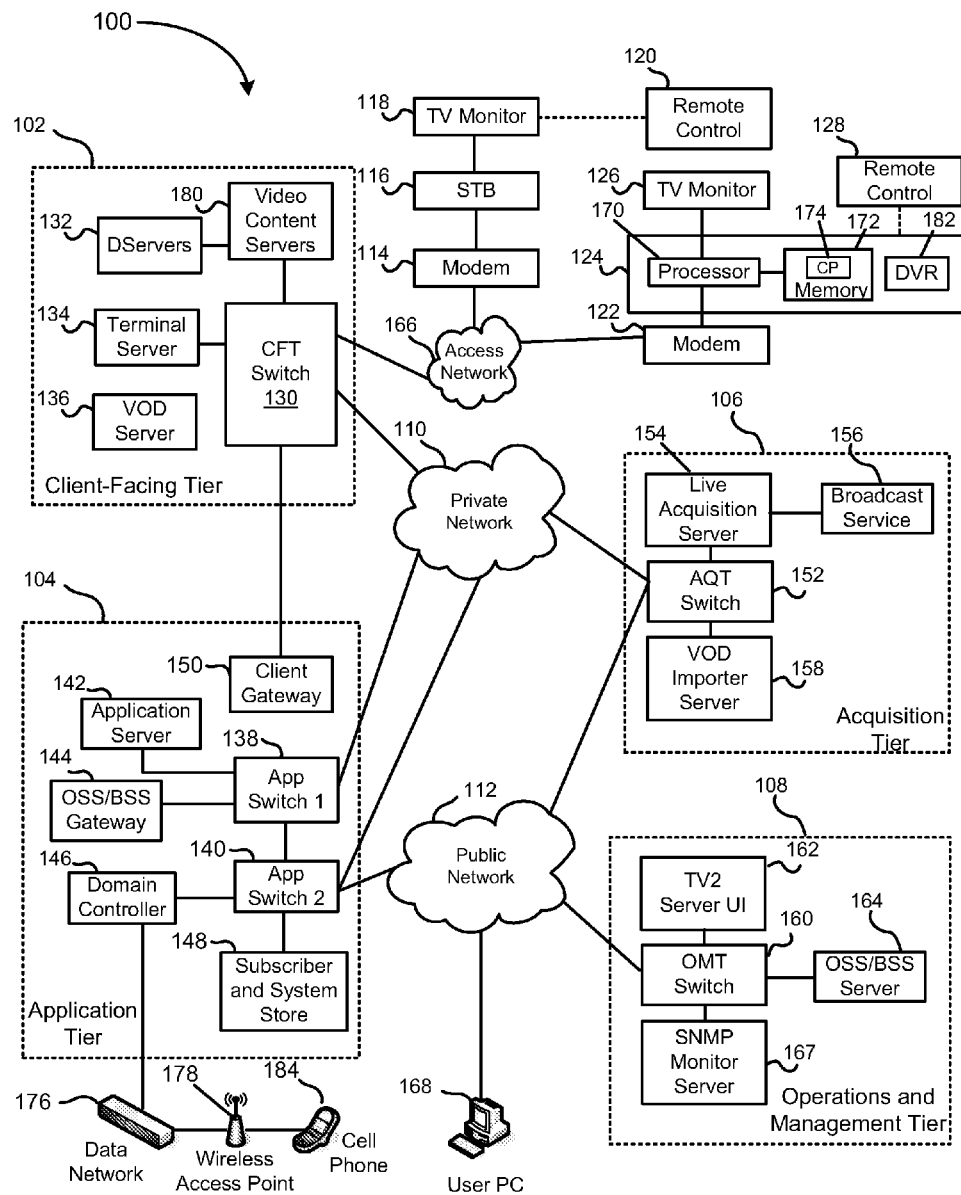


FIG. 1

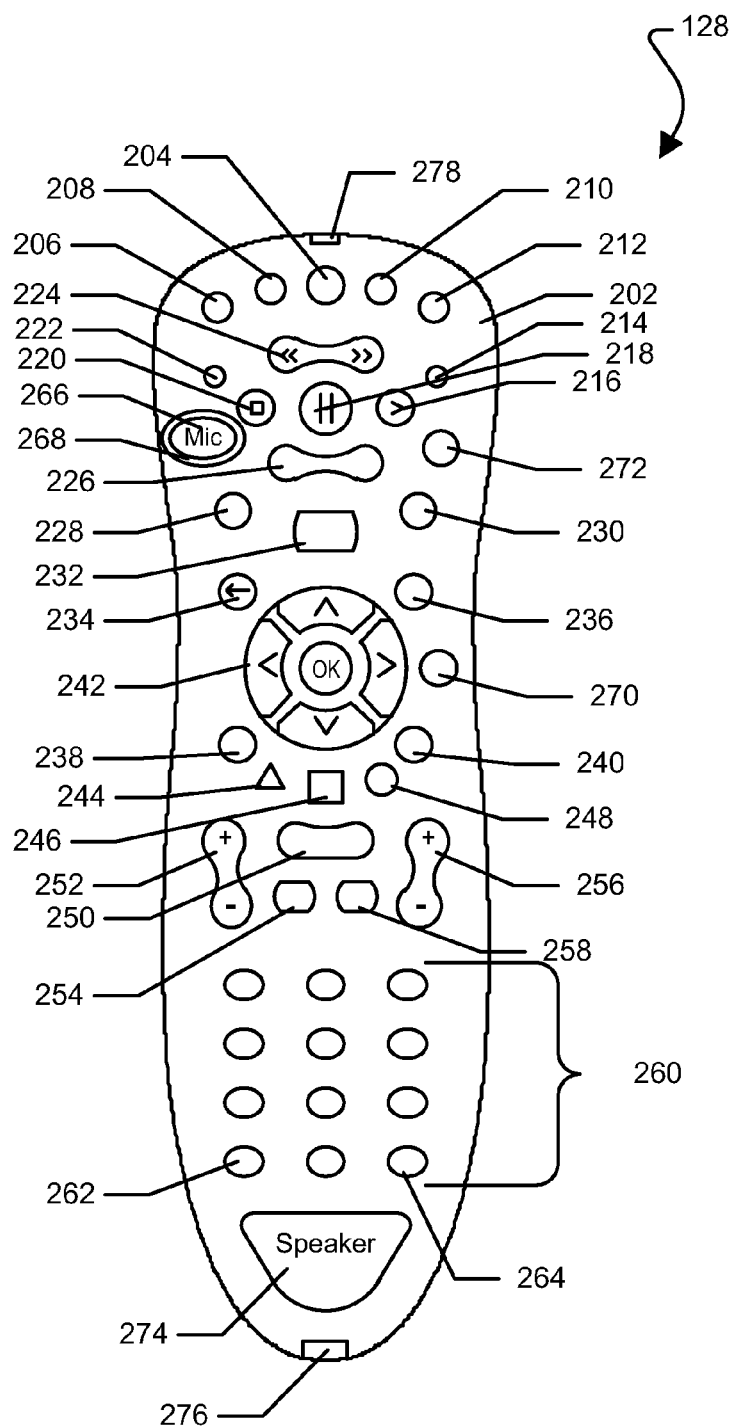
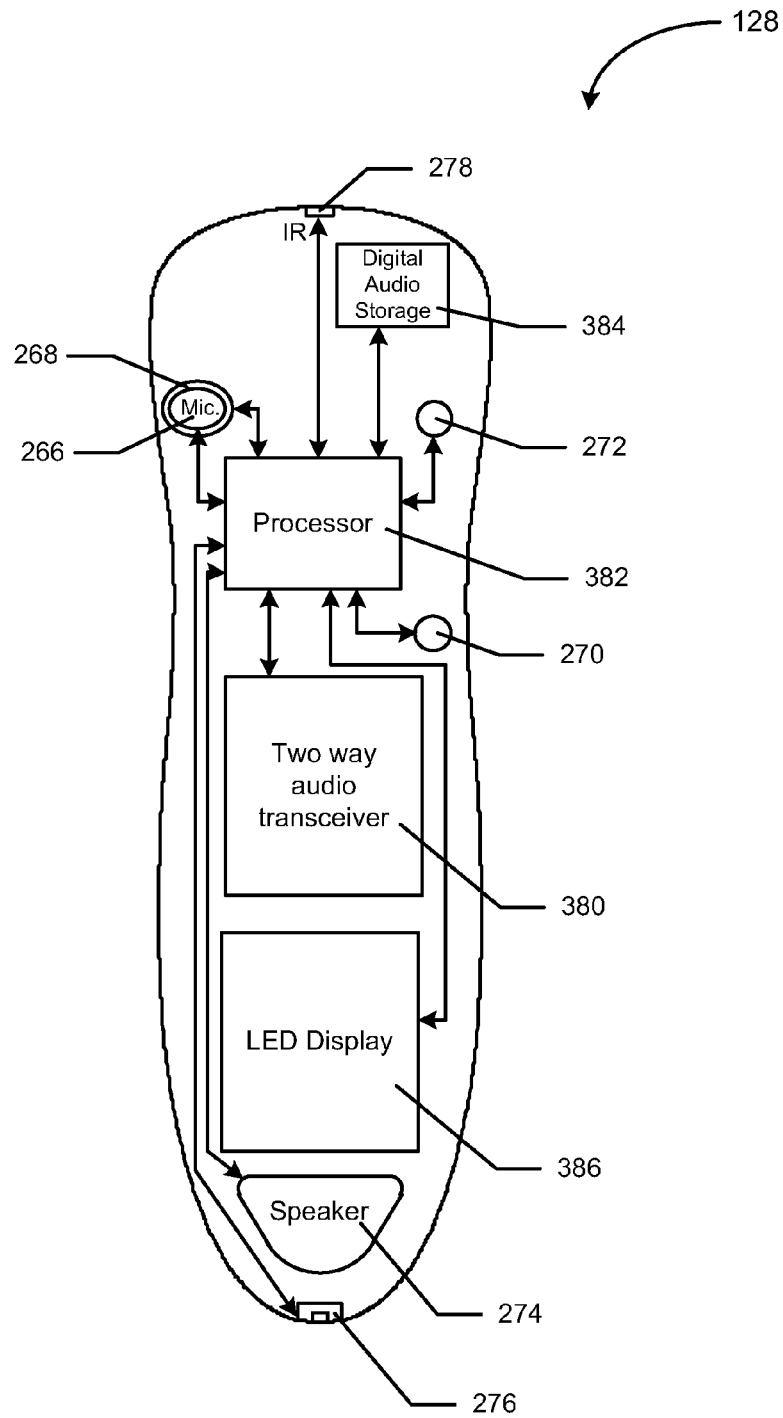


FIG. 2

**FIG. 3**

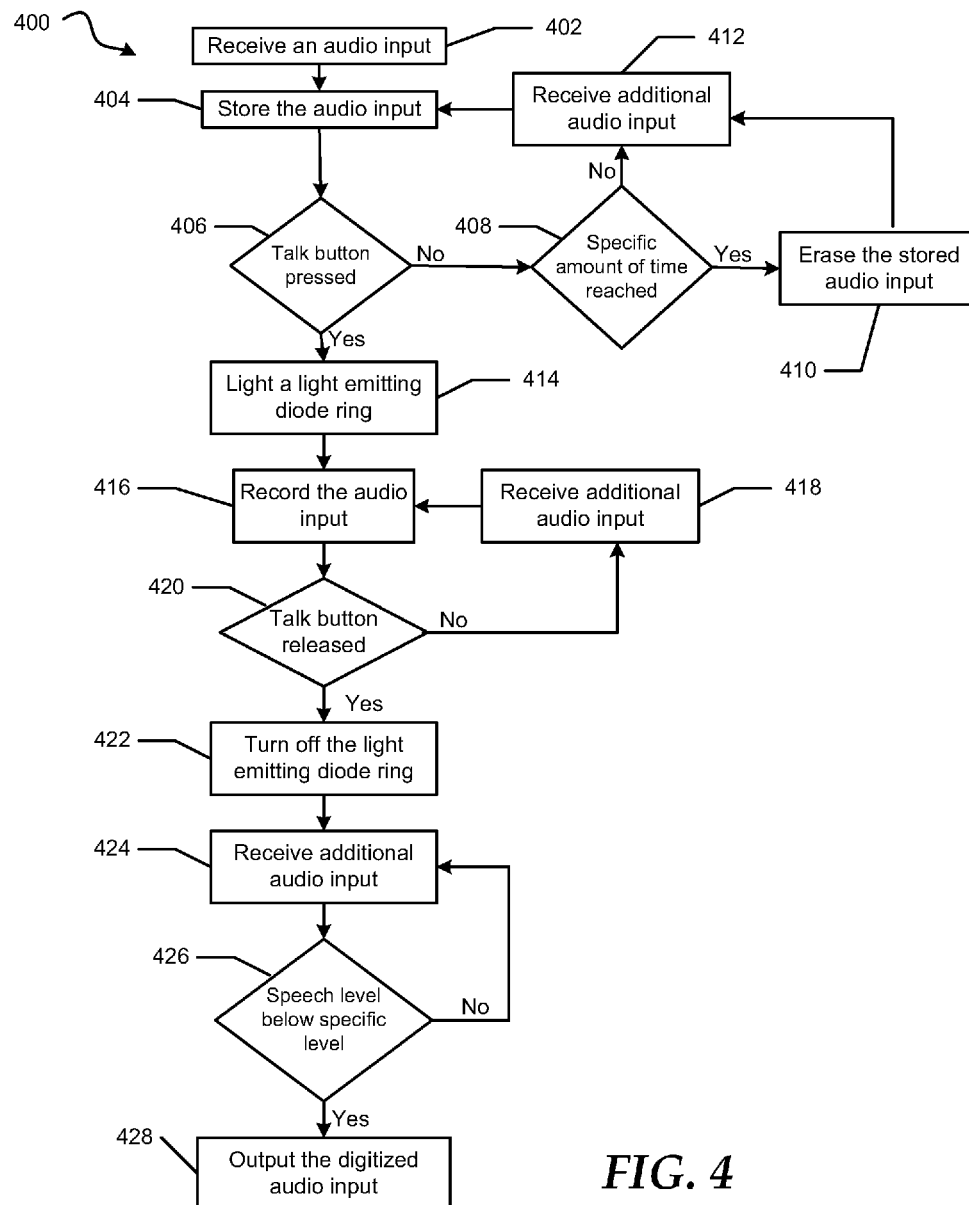
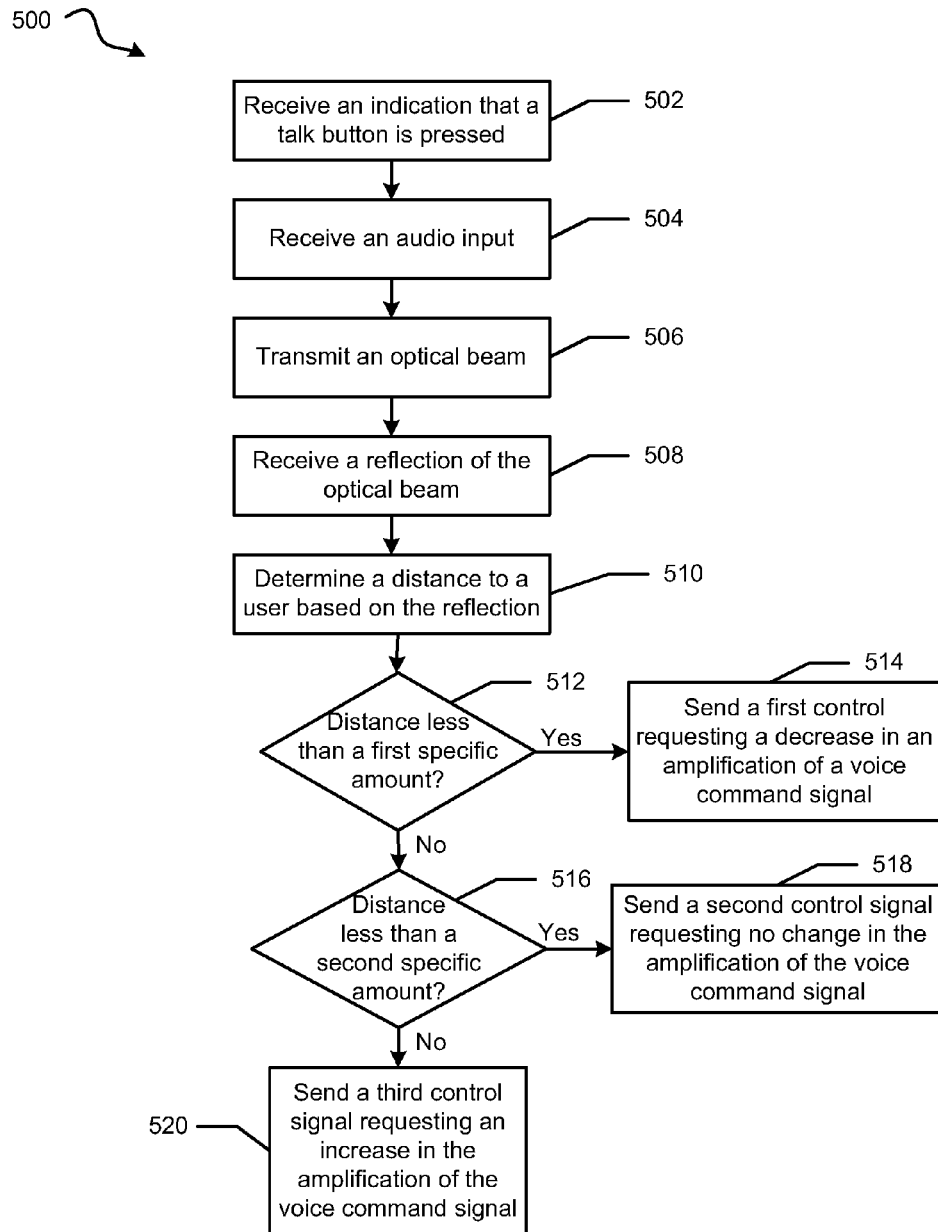


FIG. 4

**FIG. 5**

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VOICE ENABLED REMOTE CONTROL FOR A SET-TOP BOX

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present disclosure generally relates to communications networks, and more particularly relates to a remote control device for a set-top box.

BACKGROUND

Remote controls are common for set-top box devices, televisions, digital video disc (DVD) players, and the like. Some remote controls, known as universal remote controls, can be programmed to function with multiple target devices. In most cases, remote controls send an infrared (IR) control signal via an IR transmitter. The target device uses the IR control signal to determine what command function the user is requesting.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

It will be appreciated that for simplicity and clarity of illustration, elements illustrated in the Figures have not necessarily been drawn to scale. For example, the dimensions of some of the elements are exaggerated relative to other elements. Embodiments incorporating teachings of the present disclosure are shown and described with respect to the drawings presented herein, in which:

FIG. 1 is a block diagram illustrating an Internet Protocol Television (IPTV) network;

FIG. 2 is a plan view of a remote control device;

FIG. 3 is a block diagram of a plurality of components in the remote control device;

FIG. 4 is a flow diagram of a method for outputting a voice command to a set-top box device; and

FIG. 5 is a flow diagram of a method for varying an amplification of a voice command from the remote control device.

The use of the same reference symbols in different drawings indicates similar or identical items.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The numerous innovative teachings of the present application will be described with particular reference to the presently preferred exemplary embodiments. However, it should be understood that this class of embodiments provides only a few examples of the many advantageous uses of the innovative teachings herein. In general, statements made in the specification of the present application do not necessarily limit any of the various claimed inventions. Moreover, some statements may apply to some inventive features but not to others.

FIG. 1 shows an IPTV system 100 including a client facing tier 102, an application tier 104, an acquisition tier 106, and an operations and management tier 108. Each tier 102, 104, 106, and 108 is coupled to one or both of a private network 110 and a public network 112. For example, the client-facing tier 102 can be coupled to the private network 110, while the application tier 104 can be coupled to the private network 110 and to the public network 112 such as the Internet. The acquisition tier 106 can also be coupled to the private network 110 and to the public network 112. Moreover, the operations and management tier 108 can be coupled to the public network 112.

The various tiers 102, 104, 106 and 108 communicate with each other via the private network 110 and the public network 112. For instance, the client-facing tier 102 can communicate

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with the application tier 104 and the acquisition tier 106 via the private network 110. The application tier 104 can also communicate with the acquisition tier 106 via the private network 110. Further, the application tier 104 can communicate with the acquisition tier 106 and the operations and management tier 108 via the public network 112. Moreover, the acquisition tier 106 can communicate with the operations and management tier 108 via the public network 112. In a particular embodiment, elements of the application tier 104 can communicate directly with the client-facing tier 102.

The client-facing tier 102 can communicate with user equipment via a private access network 166, such as an Internet Protocol Television (IPTV) network. In an illustrative embodiment, modems such as a first modem 114 and a second modem 122 can be coupled to the private access network 166. The client-facing tier 102 can communicate with a first representative set-top box device 116 via the first modem 114 and with a second representative set-top box device 124 via the second modem 122. The client-facing tier 102 can communicate with a large number of set-top boxes over a wide geographic area, such as a regional area, a metropolitan area, a viewing area, or any other suitable geographic area that can be supported by networking the client-facing tier 102 to numerous set-top box devices. In one embodiment, the client-facing tier 102 can be coupled to the modems 114 and 122 via fiber optic cables. Alternatively, the modems 114 and 122 can be digital subscriber line (DSL) modems that are coupled to one or more network nodes via twisted pairs, and the client-facing tier 102 can be coupled to the network nodes via fiber-optic cables. The set-top box devices 116 and 124 can process data received from the private access network 166 via an IPTV software platform such as Microsoft® TV IPTV Edition.

The first set-top box device 116 can be coupled to a first display device 118, such as a first television monitor, and the second set-top box device 124 can be coupled to a second display device 126, such as a second television monitor. Moreover, the first set-top box device 116 can communicate with a first remote control 120, and the second set-top box device 124 can communicate with a second remote control 128. In an exemplary, non-limiting embodiment, each set-top box device 116 and 124 can receive data or video from the client-facing tier 102 via the private access network 166 and render or display the data or video at the display device 118 or 126 to which it is coupled. The set-top box devices 116 and 124 thus may include tuners that receive and decode television programming information for transmission to the display devices 118 and 126. Further, the set-top box devices 116 and 124 can include a set-top box processor 170 and a set-top box memory device 172 that is accessible to the set-top box processor. In a particular embodiment, the set-top box devices 116 and 124 can also communicate commands received from the remote controls 120 and 128 back to the client-facing tier 102 via the private access network 166.

In an illustrative embodiment, the client-facing tier 102 can include a client-facing tier (CFT) switch 130 that manages communication between the client-facing tier 102 and the private access network 166 and between the client-facing tier 102 and the private network 110. As shown, the CFT switch 130 is coupled to one or more data servers 132 that store data transmitted in response to user requests, such as video-on-demand material. The CFT switch 130 can also be coupled to a terminal server 134 that provides terminal devices, such as a game application server and other devices with a common connection point to the private network 110. In a particular embodiment, the CFT switch 130 can also be coupled to a video-on-demand (VoD) server 136.

The application tier **104** can communicate with both the private network **110** and the public network **112**. In this embodiment, the application tier **104** can include a first application tier (APP) switch **138** and a second APP switch **140**. In a particular embodiment, the first APP switch **138** can be coupled to the second APP switch **140**. The first APP switch **138** can be coupled to an application server **142** and to an OSS/BSS gateway **144**. The application server **142** provides applications to the set-top box devices **116** and **124** via the private access network **166**, so the set-top box devices **116** and **124** can provide functions such as display, messaging, processing of IPTV data and VoD material. In a particular embodiment, the OSS/BSS gateway **144** includes operation systems and support (OSS) data, as well as billing systems and support (BSS) data.

The second APP switch **140** can be coupled to a domain controller **146** that provides web access, for example, to users via the public network **112**. The second APP switch **140** can be coupled to a subscriber and system store **148** that includes account information, such as account information that is associated with users who access the system **100** via the private network **110** or the public network **112**. In a particular embodiment, the application tier **104** can also include a client gateway **150** that communicates data directly to the client-facing tier **102**. In this embodiment, the client gateway **150** can be coupled directly to the CFT switch **130**. The client gateway **150** can provide user access to the private network **110** and the tiers coupled thereto.

In a particular embodiment, the set-top box devices **116** and **124** can access the system via the private access network **166** using information received from the client gateway **150**. The private access network **166** provides security for the private network **110**. User devices can access the client gateway **150** via the private access network **166**, and the client gateway **150** can allow such devices to access the private network **110** once the devices are authenticated or verified. Similarly, the client gateway **150** can prevent unauthorized devices, such as hacker computers or stolen set-top box devices, from accessing the private network **110** by denying access to these devices beyond the private access network **166**.

For example, when the first set-top box device **116** accesses the system **100** via the private access network **166**, the client gateway **150** can verify subscriber information by communicating with the subscriber and system store **148** via the private network **110**, the first APP switch **138** and the second APP switch **140**. Further, the client gateway **150** can verify billing information and status by communicating with the OSS/BSS gateway **144** via the private network **110** and the first APP switch **138**. The OSS/BSS gateway **144** can transmit a query across the first APP switch **138**, to the second APP switch **140**, and the second APP switch **140** can communicate the query across the public network **112** to the OSS/BSS server **164**. After the client gateway **150** confirms subscriber and/or billing information, the client gateway **150** can allow the first set-top box device **116** access to IPTV content and VoD content. If the client gateway **150** cannot verify subscriber information for the first set-top box device **116**, such as because it is connected to a different twisted pair, the client gateway **150** can deny transmissions to and from the first set-top box device **116** beyond the private access network **166**.

The acquisition tier **106** includes an acquisition tier (AQT) switch **152** that communicates with the private network **110**. The AQT switch **152** can also communicate with the operations and management tier **108** via the public network **112**. In a particular embodiment, the AQT switch **152** can be coupled

to a live acquisition server **154** that receives television content, for example, from a broadcast service **156**. Further, the AQT switch can be coupled to a video-on-demand importer server **158** that stores television content received at the acquisition tier **106** and communicate the stored content to the client-facing tier **102** via the private network **110**.

The operations and management tier **108** can include an operations and management tier (OMT) switch **160** that conducts communication between the operations and management tier **108** and the public network **112**. In the illustrated embodiment, the OMT switch **160** is coupled to a TV2 server **162**. Additionally, the OMT switch **160** can be coupled to an OSS/BSS server **164** and to a simple network management protocol (SNMP) monitor **167** that monitors network devices. In a particular embodiment, the OMT switch **160** can communicate with the AQT switch **152** via the public network **112**.

In a particular embodiment during operation of the IPTV system, the live acquisition server **154** can acquire television content from the broadcast service **156**. The live acquisition server **154** in turn can transmit the television content to the AQT switch **152** and the AQT switch can transmit the television content to the CFT switch **130** via the private network **110**. Further, the television content can be encoded at the D-servers **132**, and the CFT switch **130** can communicate the television content to the modems **114** and **122** via the private access network **166**. The set-top box devices **116** and **124** can receive the television content from the modems **114** and **122**, decode the television content, and transmit the content to the display devices **118** and **126** according to commands from the remote control devices **120** and **128**.

Additionally, at the acquisition tier **106**, the VoD importer server **158** can receive content from one or more VoD sources outside the IPTV system **100**, such as movie studios and programmers of non-live content. The VoD importer server **158** can transmit the VoD content to the AQT switch **152**, and the AQT switch **152** in turn can communicate the material to the CFT switch **130** via the private network **110**. The VoD content can be stored at one or more servers, such as the VoD server **136**.

When a user issues a request for VoD content to the set-top box device **116** or **124**, the request can be transmitted over the private access network **166** to the VoD server **136** via the CFT switch **130**. Upon receiving such a request, the VoD server **136** can retrieve requested VoD content and transmit the content to the first set-top box device **116** or to the second set-top box device **124** across the private access network **166** via the CFT switch **130**. In an illustrative embodiment, the live acquisition server **154** can transmit the television content to the AQT switch **152**, and the AQT switch **152** in turn can transmit the television content to the OMT switch **160** via the public network **112**. In this embodiment, the OMT switch **160** can transmit the television content to the TV2 server **162** for display to users accessing the user interface at the TV2 server. For example, a user can access the TV2 server **162** using a personal computer (PC) **168** coupled to the public network **112**.

The domain controller **146** communicates with the public network **112** via the second APP switch **140**. Additionally, the domain controller **146** can communicate via the public network **112** with the PC **168**. For example, the domain controller **146** can display a web portal via the public network **112** and allow users to access the web portal using the PC **168**. Further, in an illustrative embodiment, the domain controller **146** can communicate with at least one wireless network access point **178** over a data network **176**. In this embodi-

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ment, each wireless network access device 178 can communicate with user wireless devices such as a cellular telephone 184.

In a particular embodiment, set-top box devices 116 and 124 can include a set-top box computer program 174 that is embedded within the set-top box memory device 172. The set-top box computer program 174 can contain instructions to receive and execute at least one user television viewing preference that a user has entered by accessing an Internet user account via the domain controller 146. For example, the user can use the PC 168 to access a web portal maintained by the domain controller 146 via the Internet. The domain controller 146 can query the subscriber and system store 148 via the private network 110 for account information associated with the user. In a particular embodiment, the account information can associate the user's Internet account with the second set-top box device 124. For instance, in an illustrative embodiment, the account information can relate the user's account to the second set-top box device 124 by associating the user account with an IP address of the second set-top box device, with data relating to one or more twisted pairs connected with the second set-top box device, with data related to one or more fiber optic cables connected with the second set-top box device, with an alphanumeric identifier of the second set-top box device, with any other data that is suitable for associating the second set-top box device with a user account, or with any combination of these.

The set-top box computer program 174 can contain instructions to receive many types of user preferences from the domain controller 146 via the access network 166. For example, the set-top box computer program 174 can include instructions to receive a request to record at least one television program at a video content storage module such as a digital video recorder (DVR) 182 within the second set-top box device 124. In this example embodiment, the set-top box computer program 174 can include instructions to transmit the request to the DVR 182, where the television program(s) are recorded. In an illustrative embodiment, the set-top box computer program 174 can include instructions to receive from the DVR 182 a recording status with respect to one or more of the television programs and to transmit at least one message regarding the status to a wireless device, such as the cellular telephone 184. The message can be received at the CFT switch 130, for instance, and communicated to the domain controller 146 across the private network 110 via the second APP switch 140. Further, the domain controller 146 can transmit the message to the wireless data network 176, directly or via the public network 112, and on to the wireless network access point 178. The message can then be transmitted to the cellular telephone 184. In an illustrative embodiment, the status can be sent via a wireless access protocol (WAP).

FIG. 2 shows the remote control device 128 including a housing 202 having a plurality of buttons. For example, the remote control device 128 can include a power button 204, an IPTV button 206, a television (TV) button 208, a digital video disc (DVD) button 210, and an auxiliary (AUX) button 212. When the IPTV button 206 is pressed, the remote control device 128 can be used to control the second set-top box device 124. When the TV button 208 is pressed, the remote control device 206 can be used to control the display device 126 connected to the second set-top box device 124. When the DVD button 210 is pressed, the remote control device 128 can be used to control a DVD player connected to the display device 126 or to the second set-top box device 124. Additionally, when the AUX button 212 is pressed, the remote control device 128 can be used to control an auxiliary device con-

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nected to the display device 126 or to the second set-top box device 124. For example, the auxiliary device can be a compact disc (CD) player, a video cassette recorder (VCR), an audio receiver, or some other home entertainment device.

The remote control device 128 can include a TV/VIDEO button 214 that can be used to toggle between inputs for display, such as between television content and video content from the DVR or the DVD player. The remote control device 128 can also include a PLAY button 216, a PAUSE button 218, a STOP button 220, a RECORD button 222, a rewind (REW)/fast forward (FF) button 224, and a replay/slow forward (FWD) button 226. These buttons can be used to control the content received at the second set-top box device 124 or video content received from a DVD player. One or more of these buttons can also be programmed to control the CD player, the VCR, or some other home entertainment device. The remote control device 128 can also include a VIDEO ON DEMAND button 228 and a RECORDED TV button 230. The VIDEO ON DEMAND button 228 can be pressed in order to access VoD content available via the second set-top box device 124. The RECORDED TV button 230 can be pressed in order to access television content recorded at the second set-top box device 124.

The remote control device 128 can also include a MENU button 232, a BACK button 234, a GO INTERACTIVE button 236, an EXIT button 238, and an INFO button 240. The MENU button 232 can be used to access a menu of features provided by the second set-top box device 124. Further, the INFO button 244 can be used to access an information window provided by the second set-top box device 124. The GO INTERACTIVE button 236 can be used to access interactive content provided by the IPTV system. The remote control device 128 can include a directional keypad 242. The directional keypad 242, the BACK button 234, and the EXIT button 238 can be used to navigate within the various content windows provided by the second set-top box device 124. The remote control device 128 can also include a triangular A button 244, a square B button 246, and a round C button 248. The A button 244, the B button 246, and the C button 248 can be used to make various selections when navigating within a menu screen, an information screen, or some other screen provided by the second set-top box device 124.

The remote control device 128 can further include a GUIDE button 250 that can be pressed in order to access an electronic programming guide for the content provided by the second set-top box device 124. Moreover, the remote control device 128 can include a volume (VOL) up/down button 252, a MUTE button 254, a channel/page (CH/PG) up/down button 256, and a LAST button 258. The VOL button 252 can be used to control the volume of the second set-top box device 124, a TV, a CD player, etc. The MUTE button 254 can be used to mute audio content provided by the second set-top box device 124, a TV, a CD player, etc. The CH/PG button 256 can be used to change the channel at the second set-top box device 124 or navigate from page-to-page within a content guide provided by the set-top box device. The LAST button 258 can be used to return to the last channel viewed by the user at the second set-top box device 124.

The remote control device 128 can include a numerical keypad 260 having a plurality of buttons that are individually numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 0. The numerical keypad 260 is configured similar to a telephone keypad and each individual button also includes a portion of the alphabet. The 2 button includes ABC, the 3 button includes DEF, the 4 button includes GHI, the 5 button includes JKL, the 6 button includes MNO, the 7 button includes PQRS, the 8 button includes TUV, and the 9 button includes WXYZ. The 0 button

can also be used as a SPACE button. In a particular embodiment, the numerical keypad **260** can be used to input a specific channel number. Further, the numerical keypad **260** can be used to input text to the IPTV system, when necessary, using the triple tap method well known in the art. The numerical keypad **260** can also include a DELETE button **262** and an ENTER/ZOOM button **264**.

The remote control device **128** can also include a microphone **266**, a light emitting diode (LED) annulus **268**, a talk button **270**, an optical distance measurer **272**, a speaker **274**, an audio output **276**, and an infrared (IR) transmitter **278**. Further details of the remote control device **128** are described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/847,120, the disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

FIG. 3 shows a block diagram of a number of components in the remote control device **128** including a two-way audio transceiver **380**, a processor **382**, a digital audio storage **384**, and a LED display **386**. The microphone **266** is coupled to the digital audio storage **384** through the processor **382**. The LED annulus **268** is coupled to the talk button **270** and the two-way audio transceiver **380**. The talk button **270** is coupled to the two-way audio transceiver **380** and the digital audio storage **384**. The optical distance measurer **272** is coupled to the two-way audio transceiver **380**. The speaker **274** is coupled to the two-way audio transceiver **380**. The audio output **276** is coupled to the two-way audio transceiver **380**. The IR transmitter **278** is in communication with the processor **382**. The two-way audio transceiver **380** is in communication with the processor **382**. The digital audio storage **384** is in communication with the processor **382**. The LED display **386** is in communication with the processor **382**.

The microphone **266** can be used to receive an audio input from the user of the remote control device **128**. Upon the talk button **270** being pressed, the remote control device can transmit the audio input to the second set-top box device **124**. The LED annulus **268** can light-up, indicating that the talk button **270** has been pressed and the remote control device **128** is transmitting the audio input to the second set-top box device **124**. The optical distance measurer **272** can determine a distance that the user is from the remote control device **128**, such as by transmitting a reflective optical beam from the remote control device. The speaker **274** can output a digital audio signal received by the remote control device **128** from the second set-top box device **124**. The audio output **276** can output, to an external audio device (not shown), the digital audio signal received by the remote control device **128** from the second set-top box device **124**. The IR transmitter **278** can transmit IR control signals to the auxiliary devices. The IR control signals can be used to perform various functions on any of the auxiliary devices, such as changing the channel, changing the volume level, and the like on the second set-top box **124**.

Whenever any button is pressed on the remote control device **128**, such as channel up/down buttons **256** of FIG. 2, the digital audio storage **384** activates and records an audio input received at the microphone **266**. The audio input is stored in a local audio circular buffer of the digital audio storage **384** for a predetermined amount of time. The predetermined amount of time can be any length of time, for example five seconds. Additionally, upon a button being pressed on the remote control device **128**, the two-way audio transceiver **380** activates such that the audio input can be transmitted to the second set-top box device **124**. The two-way audio transceiver **380** can alternatively be placed in a sleep mode to conserve battery life if no button is pressed for a predetermined period, such as fifteen seconds. Upon the talk button **270** being pressed, the remote control device **128** can

execute a number of functions at substantially the same time. The remote control device **128** can set the recording mode to "start," light-up the LED annulus **268**, activate the audio digital storage **384**, activate the two-way audio transceiver **380**, and trigger the optical distance measurer **272** to determine a distance between the remote control device **128** and the user's face.

When the recording mode is set to "start," the remote control device **128** can send the last audio input stored in the local audio circular buffer of the digital audio storage **384** to the second set-top box device **124**. At substantially the same time, the remote control device **128** can send a control parameter embedded in a radio frequency (RF) control signal to the second set-top box device **124**. The control parameter can contain the distance measurement determined by the optical distance measurer **272**, such as four and one-half inches. Based on the control parameter associated with the distance measurement received from the remote control device **128**, the second set-top box device **124** can automatically adjust level of audio amplification for the audio input received. The adjustment level of the audio amplification can compensate for a variability that the user's mouth is too far away from the microphone **266** or too close to it. Finally, the remote control device can change the recording mode to "on."

When the recording mode is "on," the microphone **266** can continue to receive the audio input and the two-way audio transceiver **380** can send it as a digital audio stream to the second set-top box device **124**. Upon receiving the digital audio stream, the second set-top box device **124** can stream the digitized audio packets to the multimedia application server **142** over the private network **110** of FIG. 1. The multimedia application server **142** can process the speech input and/or pass it in real time to a voice search engine, where the audio input can be used to perform a voice search for a specific television program. Upon receiving the end of the audio input, the multimedia application server **142** can send a control message to the second set-top box device **124** indicating the end of a speech input session.

Upon receiving the end of speech input from multimedia application server **142**, the second set-top box device **124** can present a visual icon on the display device **126** of FIG. 1, such as displaying a muted microphone icon, indicating that the end of the speech input is reached. At substantially the same time, the second set-top box device **124** can send an RF control signal to the remote control device **128** indicating the end of the speech input. Upon receiving the RF control signal from the second set-top box device **124**, the remote control device **128** can change the recording mode from "on" to "off." Additionally, the remote control device **128** can set the recording mode to "off" if a predetermined amount of time, such as two seconds, elapses after talk button **270** has been released and the audio input level is below a predetermined level. When the recording mode is changed from "on" to "off," the remote control device **128** can turn off the LED annulus **268**, and set the microphone **266** and two-way audio transceiver **380** to sleep modes to conserve the battery.

The multimedia application server **142** can also send a control message to the second set-top box device **124**, requesting that the set-top box device send a variety of RF-based control signals to the remote control device **128**. For example, one control signal can cause the remote control device **128** to play a short audio file stored on the digital audio storage **384** through the speaker **274**. This feature can enable the user to locate the remote control device **128** if it is missing. Another control signal can cause the remote control device **128** to turn off the LED annulus **268** and to end transmission of the audio input. The multimedia application server **142** can

also send a “play list” to the remote control device **128** via the second set-top box device **124**. The play list can contain a set of channel numbers, which can be stored on the remote control device **128**. This feature can be used to select a number of “favorite” broadcast channels by scrolling the list stored on the remote control device **128** via the LED display **386**.

Also, the second set-top box device **124** can automatically scan the RF band over which the remote control device **128** is operating, such as two and two-fifths GHz. If there is any RF interference from other RF devices in a surrounding area, the second set-top box device **124** can automatically choose an RF channel with less interference and then send a control signal to the remote control device **128**. The control signal can request that the remote control device re-synchronize the signal band with the set-top box device **124**.

The remote control device **128** can be used to transmit a voice command to the second set-top box device **124**. FIG. **4** shows a flow diagram of a method **400** for outputting a voice command to the set-top box device. At block **402**, an audio input is received at a remote control device. The audio input is stored in a digital audio storage device at block **404**. At block **406**, determination is made whether a talk button is pressed and held. If the talk button is not pressed, then a determination is made whether a specific amount of time passes at block **408**. The specific amount of time is measured from the first audio input received. At block **410**, if the specific amount of time lapses, then the audio input stored in the digital audio storage device is erased. An additional audio input is received at block **412** and the flow diagram continues at block **404**. If the specific amount of time has not passed, then an additional audio input is received at block **412** and the flow diagram continues at block **404**.

If the talk button is pressed, then an LED annulus is turned on at block **414**. At block **416**, the audio input is recorded. A determination is made whether the talk button is released at block **420**. If the talk button is not released, an additional audio input is received at block **418** and the flow diagram continues at block **416**. At block **422**, if the talk button is released, the LED annulus is turned off. Additional audio input is received at block **424**. At block **426**, a determination is made whether a volume of the speech received at the microphone is below a specific level. If the volume of speech is not below the specific level, then the audio input is continually received at block **424**. If the volume of speech is below the specific level, then the audio input is outputted as a voice command at block **428**. The voice command can be outputted to a set-top box device to perform a function associated with the voice command.

The remote control device **128** can also be used to transmit a control parameter, for varying an amplification of a voice command signal, to the set-top box. FIG. **5** shows a flow diagram of a method **500** for varying the amplification of the voice command signal from the remote control device. At block **502**, an indication that a talk button has been pressed is received. An audio input is received at block **504**. At block **506**, an optical beam is transmitted. A reflection of the optical beam is received at block **508**. At block **510**, a distance to a user is determined based on the reflection of the optical beam received. A determination is made whether the distance to the user is less than a first specific amount at block **512**. If the distance is less than the specific amount, then a first control signal requesting a decrease in the amplification of the voice command signal is sent to the set-top box device at block **514**. If the distance is not less than the first specific amount, then a determination is made whether the distance is less than a second specific amount at block **516**. If the distance is less than the second specific amount, then a second control signal

requesting no change in the amplification of the voice command signal sent to the set-top box device at block **518**. If the distance is not less than the second specific level, then a third control signal requesting an increase in the amplification of the voice command signal is sent to the set-top box device at block **520**.

The illustrations of the embodiments described herein are intended to provide a general understanding of the structure of the various embodiments. The illustrations are not intended to serve as a complete description of all of the elements and features of apparatus and systems that utilize the structures or methods described herein. Many other embodiments may be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the disclosure. Other embodiments may be utilized and derived from the disclosure, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of the disclosure. Additionally, the illustrations are merely representational and may not be drawn to scale. Certain proportions within the illustrations may be exaggerated, while other proportions may be minimized. Accordingly, the disclosure and the FIGs. are to be regarded as illustrative rather than restrictive.

The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided to comply with 37 C.F.R. §1.72(b) and is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description of the Drawings, various features may be grouped together or described in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter may be directed to less than all of the features of any of the disclosed embodiments. Thus, the following claims are incorporated into the Detailed Description of the Drawings, with each claim standing on its own as defining separately claimed subject matter.

The above disclosed subject matter is to be considered illustrative, and not restrictive, and the appended claims are intended to cover all such modifications, enhancements, and other embodiments which fall within the true spirit and scope of the present disclosed subject matter. Thus, to the maximum extent allowed by law, the scope of the present disclosed subject matter is to be determined by the broadest permissible interpretation of the following claims and their equivalents, and shall not be restricted or limited by the foregoing detailed description.

What is claimed is:

1. A remote control device, comprising:

a digital audio storage device to record an audio input, wherein the audio input includes a voice command;
a transceiver for transmitting signals to a media device;
a talk button coupled to the digital audio storage device, wherein when the talk button is pressed, the talk button initiates a transmission of the audio input to the media device, wherein the audio input is transmitted as a radio frequency signal; and

an optical distance measurer, the optical distance measurer automatically measuring a distance to a user in response to the talk button being pressed, the optical distance measurer causing the transceiver to wirelessly transmit the measured distance to the media device to cause the media device to adjust the audio input received by the media device to generate an adjusted audio input and to cause the media device to perform voice recognition on the adjusted audio input to determine a command function associated with the voice command for the media

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device without sending the adjusted audio input to a remote server, wherein the audio input and the measured distance are simultaneously provided to the media device by the transceiver,

wherein, after the talk button has been released, the digital audio storage device monitors a volume level of the audio input to detect when the volume level falls below a threshold, and wherein the transceiver initiates streaming of the audio input from the remote control device to the media device responsive to detecting the volume level falling below the threshold.

2. The remote control device of claim 1, wherein the recording of the audio input is continuous over a predetermined amount of time, and wherein the remote control device further comprises:

a microphone coupled to the digital audio storage device, the microphone receiving the audio input; and
a light emitting diode associated with the microphone and in communication with the talk button, the light emitting diode being lit in response to the talk button being pressed.

3. The remote control device of claim 2, wherein, upon the talk button being released, the light emitting diode ceases being lit, and wherein the digital audio storage device records additional audio input until the volume level falls below the threshold.

4. The remote control device of claim 1, wherein the transceiver includes a two way digital audio transceiver coupled to the digital audio storage, the two way digital audio transceiver configured to transmit the audio input to the media device and receive digital audio signals from the media device.

5. The remote control device of claim 4, further comprising a speaker coupled to the two way digital audio transceiver, the speaker configured to output the digital audio signals received from the media device.

6. The remote control device of claim 4, further comprising an audio output connected to the two way digital audio transceiver, the audio output configured to output the digital audio signals received from the media device to an external audio output device.

7. The remote control device of claim 1, wherein the audio input is automatically transmitted upon the talk button being pressed.

8. The remote control device of claim 1 wherein the measured distance is transmitted to the media device to indicate a modified amplification level of the voice command, and wherein the measured distance is compared to a threshold distance to determine the modified amplification level.

9. A method, comprising:

storing, by a remote control device, a first audio input; determining, by the remote control device, that a talk button of the remote control device is pressed and continually held down;

transmitting the first audio input from the remote control device to a media device responsive to determining that the talk button is pressed;

streaming a second audio input received at the remote control device to the media device until the talk button is released and the second audio input is no longer received at the remote control device;

determining, by the remote control device, a distance of a user from the remote control device;

sending, via a wireless signal, the distance to the media device to cause the media device to vary an amplification of a voice command signal representing the first audio input combined with the second audio input to generate an adjusted voice command signal, wherein the sending

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of the wireless signal causes the media device to perform voice recognition on the adjusted voice command signal to determine a voice command, wherein the amplification is varied based on the distance, wherein the voice command causes the media device to perform a function without sending the first audio input to a remote server, and wherein the wireless signal is an infrared signal;

responsive to determining that the talk button has been released:

monitoring a volume level at a recorder of the remote control device;

detecting when the volume level falls below a threshold; and

ending the streaming of the adjusted voice command signal from the remote control device to the media device responsive to detecting the volume level falling below the threshold.

10. The method of claim 9 wherein the first audio input is a portion of a first voice command received via user input when another button is pressed before the talk button is pressed.

11. The method of claim 9 wherein the second audio input is a portion of a second voice command received via user input after the talk button is pressed.

12. The method of claim 9, further comprising:

receiving a digital audio signal from the media device; and outputting the digital audio signal.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein the digital audio signal is outputted on an external audio output device.

14. The method of claim 12, wherein the digital audio signal is outputted on a speaker.

15. A method, comprising:

detecting, by a remote control device, an activation of a talk button;

recording speech input at the remote control device to generate audio input data at the remote control device responsive to the detecting of the activation of the talk button, wherein the audio input data comprises a voice command signal;

determining, by the remote control device, a distance that a user is located from the remote control device; streaming, by the remote control device, the audio input data from the remote control device to a media device via a wireless signal;

transmitting, by the remote control device, from the remote control device to the media device a control parameter indicating to the media device a modified amplification level of the voice command signal based on the distance that the user is located from the remote control device, wherein the transmitting of the control parameter causes the media device to adjust the voice command signal according to the control parameter to generate an adjusted voice command signal, causes the media device to perform voice recognition on the adjusted voice command signal to determine a control function without sending the audio input data to a remote server, and causes the media device to perform the control function; detecting, by the remote control device, a deactivation of the talk button;

responsive to the detecting the deactivation of the talk button:

monitoring, by the remote control device, a volume level at a recorder of the remote control device;

detecting, by the remote control device, when the volume level falls below a threshold; and

ending, by the remote control device, the streaming of the audio input data from the remote control device to

the media device responsive to detecting the volume level falling below the threshold.

16. The method of claim **15**, wherein the remote controller includes a plurality of buttons and further comprising:
commencing recording at the remote control device 5
responsive to actuation of any of the plurality of buttons;
receiving a control signal from the media device; and
outputting an audio signal in response to the control signal.

17. The method of claim **16**, wherein the audio input is streamed utilizing a two-way digital transceiver of the remote 10
control device, and wherein the control parameter is provided to the media device utilizing an infrared transmitter of the remote control device.

18. The method of claim **15**, further comprising:
lighting a light emitting diode in response to transmitting 15
the audio input data as a voice command signal;
receiving a control signal from the media device;
turning off the light emitting diode in response to receiving the control signal; and
ending the streaming of the audio input data in response to 20
receiving the control signal.

19. The method of claim **15**, further comprising:
commencing the recording of the speech input at the remote control device responsive to actuation of the talk 25
button;
lighting a light emitting diode in response to transmitting the actuation of the talk button;
turning off the light emitting diode in response to a release of the talk button; and
receiving an additional audio input after the turning off the 30
light emitting diode.

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